

## Concave Mirror Ray Diagrams

### Lesson Notes

#### Learning Outcomes

- How do you draw a ray diagram for an object placed at varying locations in front of a concave mirror?

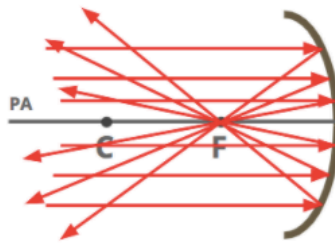
#### Rules of Reflection

**F = Focal Point**

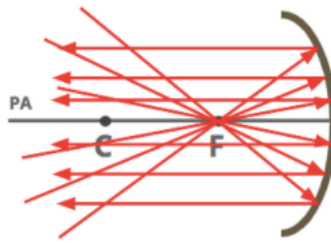
**C = Center of Curvature**

**PA = Principal Axis**

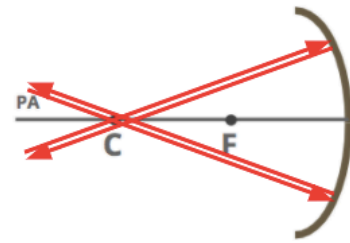
Light traveling  $\parallel$  to the PA reflects and passes through F.



Light passing through F reflects and travels  $\parallel$  to the PA.



Light traveling through C reflects back through C (along the same path it approached the mirror).



#### Drawing Ray Diagrams for Concave Mirrors - Directions

Pick a point on top of object.

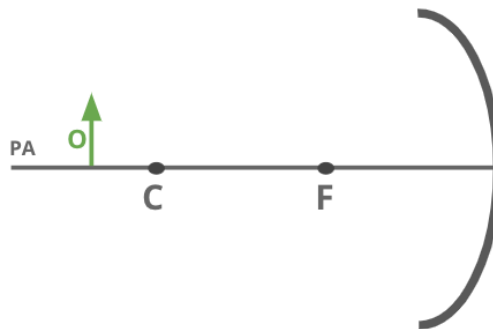
Draw two sets of incident-reflected rays:

- One  $\parallel$  to PA and reflecting through F.
- One passing through F and reflecting  $\parallel$  to PA.

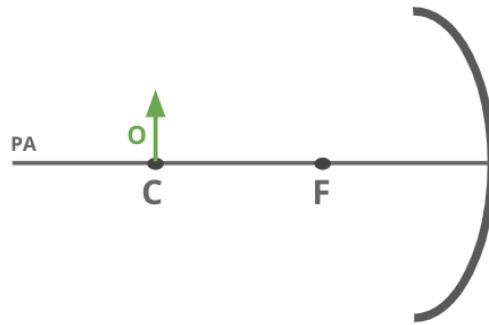
The image is the location where reflected rays intersect.

Use the directions above and the guidance provided in the video to construct ray diagrams for the following situations.

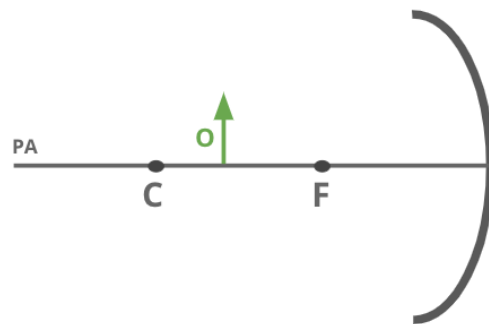
#### Situation 1: Object Located Beyond C



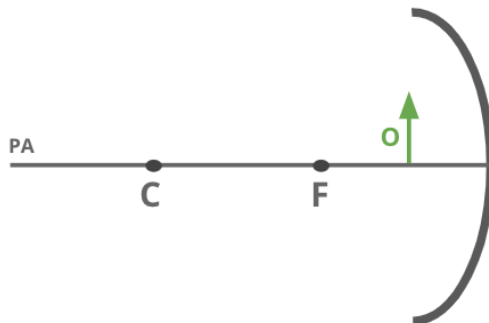
**Situation 2: Object at C**



**Situation 3: Object Between C and F**



**Situation 4: Object Between F and the Mirror**



**What About the F Location?**

Describe what happens when the object is placed at the focal point.

